

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

142 0507A

## Jointex EP – Part A



"maintenance made easy"

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY

Product Name: **JOINTEX EP – PART A**  
 Company Name: Polycote UK  
 Centre Point • Wolseley Road  
 Woburn Road Industrial Estate  
 Kempston • Beds MK42 7EF  
 Telephone Number: 01234 846400

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification under CLP:

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317.

#### Most important adverse effects:

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements:

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P391: Collect spillage.

P501: Dispose of to hazardous or special waste collection point.

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Chemical Name:

EINECS	CAS No:	Classification	Percent
BISPHENOL A-(EPICHLORHYDRIN) {REACTION PRODUCT}			
500-033-5	25068-38-6	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317; Aquatic Chronic 2: H411	50 - 70%
OXIRANE, MONO((C12-14ALKYLOXY)METHYL) DERIVATIVES			
271-846-8	68609-97-2	Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317	10 - 30%
BISPHENOL F EPICHLOROHYDRIN RESIN WITH NUMBER AVERAGE			
-	28064-14-4	Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317; Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Eye Irrit. 2: H319	10 - 30%

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin contact: Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin. Remove material from skin immediately by washing with soap and water. Consult a Doctor if irritation persists.

Eye contact: Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Get

medical attention if any discomfort continues. Consult a doctor.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a doctor.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. Consult a doctor.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact.

Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat.

Inhalation: There may be irritation of the throat with a feeling of tightness in the chest. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing.

Immediate / special treatment:

Eye bathing equipment should be available on the premises.

### SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media: For large fire use: water spray, alcohol foam, for small fire use: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), dry chemical, dry sand or limestone. Foam, water spray or fog. Suitable extinguishing media for the surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers.

Exposure hazards: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Phenolics, Carbon Monoxide, Carbon dioxide. In combustion emits toxic fumes.

Advice for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Refer to section 8 of SDS for personal protection details. If outside do not approach from downwind. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid.

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.

Methods for cleaning up: Absorb into dry earth or sand. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Do not handle in a confined space. Avoid the formation or spread of mists in the air.

Storage: Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. The floor of the storage room must be impermeable to prevent the escape of liquids.

Specific end use(s): No data available.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measures: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. The floor of the storage room must be impermeable to prevent the escape of liquids.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION – Cont.

Respiratory protection:	Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.
Hand protection:	Protective gloves. Breakthrough time of the glove material > 8 hours. Material of gloves for long term application (BTT>480min) Nitrile gloves. Butyl gloves. Neoprene gloves. PVC gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material and dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Use gloves approved to relevant standards e.g. EN 374 (Europe), F739 (US).
Eye protection:	Safety glasses. Ensure eye bath is to hand. Goggles giving complete protection to eyes and eyewash bottle with clean water.
Skin protection:	Protective clothing.
Environmental:	Ensure emissions from ventilation or equipment comply with environmental protection legislation.

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

State:	Liquid
Colour:	Yellow
Odour:	Characteristic odour
Boiling point:	>100°C
Flash point:	>100°C
Relative density:	1.12 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Viscosity:	Viscous

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal conditions.
Hazardous reactions:	Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions. Decomposition may occur on exposure to conditions or materials listed below.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid excessive heat for long periods of time.
Materials to avoid:	Strong oxidising agents. Acids. Bases.
Haz. decomp. products:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage. Gases are released during decomposition Uncontrolled exothermic reaction of epoxy resins release phenolics, carbon monoxide and water.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Hazardous ingredients:

BISPHENOL A-(EPICHLORHYDRIN) (REACTION PRODUCT)			
ORL	MUS	LD50	15600 mg/kg
ORL	RAT	LD50	11400 mg/kg
SKN	RBT	LD50	>20 ml/kg
OXIRANE, MONO[(C12-14ALKYLOXY)METHYL] DERIVATIVES			
ORL	RAT	LD50	17100 mg/kg

#### Relevant effects for mixture:

Effect	Route	Basis
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Hazardous: calculated
Serious eye damage/irritation	OPT	Hazardous: calculated
Respiratory/skin sensitisation	DRM	Hazardous: calculated

#### Symptoms / routes of exposure:

Skin contact:	There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact.
Eye contact:	There may be irritation and redness. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion:	There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat.
Inhalation:	There may be irritation of the throat with a feeling of tightness in the chest. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing.

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity values:	No data available.
Mobility:	Readily absorbed into soil.
PBT identification:	This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.
Other adverse effects:	Toxic to aquatic organisms. Toxic to soil organisms.

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal operations:	Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal company.
NB:	The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number:	UN3082
UN proper shipping name:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Epoxy resin)
Transport hazard class:	9
Packing group:	III
Environmental hazard:	Yes
Marine pollutant:	Yes
Tunnel category:	E
Transport category:	3

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Specific regulations: Not applicable.

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

#### Phrases used

in s.2 and s.3:	H315: Causes skin irritation.
	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The Safety Data above is applicable to the product only as used according to the purposes and methods described on the relevant Technical Data Sheet, available from Polycote UK on request.

The information above is based on our present knowledge and is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and should only be used as a guide. No warranty is implied with respect to the specification of the product. It is intended to describe the product solely in terms of its safety requirements and relates only to the specific material designed and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. This data does not constitute the users own assessment of workplace risk as required by other Health and Safety legislation, nor is it a sales specification or indication of suitability for any particular use. The user must satisfy himself as to the suitability of the product for his purpose. No legally valid contractual relationship is established by the above data, and Polycote UK shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

Date of Issue: June 2017

## Polycote UK

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Kempston • Beds • MK42 7EF  
Technical Helpline: 01234 846400

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

142 0507B

## Jointex EP – Part B



### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY

Product Name: **JOINTEX EP – PART B**  
 Company Name: Polycote UK  
 Centre Point • Wolseley Road  
 Woburn Road Industrial Estate  
 Kempston • Beds MK42 7EF  
 Telephone Number: 01234 846400

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification under CLP:

Acute Tox. 4: H302; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. 1A: H317;  
 Repr. 2: H361fd; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; -: EUH071

#### Most important adverse effects:

Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility.  
 Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: **Danger**

Hazard statements: H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H361fd: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH071: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### Precautionary statements:

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Other hazards: Components of the product may affect the nervous system. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Severe respiratory irritant. Severe skin irritant.

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Chemical Name:

EINECS	CAS No:	Classification	Percent
<b>BENZYL ALCOHOL</b>			
202-859-9	100-51-6	Acute Tox. 4: H332; Acute Tox. 4: H302	10 - 30%
<b>4-TERT-BUTYLPHENOL</b>			
202-679-0	98-54-4	Repr. 2: H361f; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Eye Dam. 1: H318	10 - 30%
<b>M-PHENYLENEBIS(METHYLAMINE)</b>			
216-032-5	1477-55-0		10 - 30%
<b>TRIMETHYLHEXANE-1,6-DIAMINE</b>			
247-134-8	25620-58-0		1 - 10%
<b>NONYLPHENOL</b>			
246-672-0	25154-52-3	Repr. 2: H361fd; Acute Tox. 4: H302; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410	10 - 30%

Contains: POLYAMINE ADDUCT

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

**Skin contact:** Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin. Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning. NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: Application of corticosteroid cream has been effective in treating skin irritation.

**Eye contact:** Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist examination.

**Ingestion:** If conscious, give half a litre of water to drink immediately. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 cup of water to drink every 10 minutes. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

**Inhalation:** Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and provide oxygen if available. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Skin contact:** If absorbed through the skin, may cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, dizziness, confusion, breathing difficulties.

**Eye contact:** Corneal edema can cause the perception of "blue haze" or "fog" around lights, although this is a temporary effect and has no known residual effect. Product vapor can cause glaucopsia (corneal edema) when absorbed into the tissue of the eye from the atmosphere.

**Ingestion:** May cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, dizziness, confusion, breathing difficulties. Severe cases of overexposure can result in respiratory failure.

**Inhalation:** Harmful if inhaled and may cause delayed lung injury. May cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, dizziness, confusion or breathing difficulties. Severe cases of overexposure can result in respiratory failure. May cause nose, throat and lung irritation. Inhalation of vapors and/or aerosols in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.

### SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing media:** Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical powder. Dry sand or limestone.

**Exposure hazards:** May generate ammonia gas. May generate toxic nitrogen oxide gases. Use of water may result in the formation of very toxic aqueous solutions. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. May generate toxic, irritating or flammable combustion products. Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide. Ammonia gas may be liberated at high temperatures. In case of incomplete combustion an increased formation of oxides of nitrogen (NOx) is to be expected. May generate carbon monoxide and ammonia gas. A sudden reaction and fire may result if product is mixed with an oxidizing agent. Personnel in vicinity and downwind should be evacuated.

**Advice for firefighters:** Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. A face shield should be worn. Retain expended liquids from fire fighting for later disposal.

**Polycote Jointex EP – Part B Cont.**

142 0507B

**SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions:	Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. Evacuate the area immediately. Open enclosed spaces to outside atmosphere.
Environmental precautions:	Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.
Methods for cleaning up:	Approach suspected leak areas with caution. Place in appropriate chemical waste container. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method. Clean up personnel must be equipped with self contained breathing apparatus and butyl rubber protective clothing. Refer to section 13 of SDS for suitable method of disposal.

**SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Handling:	Do not use sodium nitrite or other nitrosating agents in formulations containing this product. Suspected cancer causing nitrosamines could be formed. Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be readily accessible. Adhere to work practice rules established by government regulations. Avoid breathing vapors and/or aerosols. Avoid contact with eyes. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Avoid contact with eyes or skin. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Use personal protective equipment. Do not eat, drink or smoke.
Storage:	Do not store near acids. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not store in reactive metal containers. Keep from freezing.
Packaging:	Do not store in reactive metal containers.

**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Engineering measures:	Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers. Provide natural or explosive-proof ventilation adequate to ensure concentrations are kept below exposure limits.
Respiratory protection:	Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.
Hand protection:	Neoprene gloves. PVC gloves. Butyl gloves. Nitrile gloves. Impermeable gloves. The breakthrough time of the selected gloves(s) must be greater than the intended use period.
Skin protection:	Protective clothing with elasticated cuffs and closed neck. Discard contaminated leather articles. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers. Wash at the end of each workshift and before eating, smoking or using the toilet.

**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

State:	Liquid
Colour:	Pale yellow
Odour:	Ammoniacal
Oxidising:	Non-oxidising (by EC criteria)
Boiling point:	>200°C
Flash point:	>100°C
Relative density:	0.99 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility in water:	<0.1 g/l
Vapour pressure:	10.34 mmHg
pH:	Alkaline

**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity:	No data available.
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal conditions.
Materials to avoid:	Reactive metals (e.g. sodium, calcium, zinc etc) Materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds. CAUTION! N-Nitrosamines, many of which are known to be potent carcinogens, may be formed when the product comes in contact with nitrous acid, nitrites or atmospheres with high nitrous oxide concentrations. Mineral acids. Organic Acids (i.e. acetic acid, citric acid etc) Sodium Hypochlorite. Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminium, zinc and galvanized surfaces. Reaction with peroxides may result in violent decomposition of peroxide possibly creating an explosion. Oxidizing agents.
Haz. decomp. products:	In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be produced such as: Carbon Monoxide - Carbon Dioxide(CO <sup>2</sup> )-Nitric Acid - Ammonia - Nitrogen Oxides(NO <sub>x</sub> )-Nitrogen Oxide can react with water vapors to form corrosive nitric acid. - Aldehydes. Nitrosamine. Flammable hydrocarbon fragments (e.g. acetylene).

**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Toxicity values:**

Route	Species	Test	Value	Units
ORL	RAT	LD50	2,951	mg/kg

**Hazardous ingredients:**

BENZYL ALCOHOL				
IVN	RAT	LD50	53	mg/kg
ORL	MUS	LD50	1360	mg/kg
ORL	RAT	LD50	1230	mg/kg
NONYLPHENOL				
ORL	MUS	LD50	1231	mg/kg
ORL	RAT	LD50	580	mg/kg

**Symptoms / routes of exposure:**

Skin contact:	If absorbed through the skin, may cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, dizziness, confusion, breathing difficulties.
Eye contact:	Corneal edema can cause the perception of "blue haze" or "fog" around lights, although this is a temporary effect and has no known residual effect. Product vapor can cause glaucopsia (corneal edema) when absorbed into the tissue of the eye from the atmosphere.
Ingestion:	May cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, dizziness, confusion, breathing difficulties. Severe cases of overexposure can result in respiratory failure.

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**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION – Cont.**

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled and may cause delayed lung injury. May cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, dizziness, confusion or breathing difficulties. Severe cases of overexposure can result in respiratory failure. May cause nose, throat and lung irritation. Inhalation of vapors and/or aerosols in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity values: No data available.  
 Bioaccumulative potential: No data is available on the product itself. Bioaccumulation - components:- Benzyl alcohol - Low bioaccumulation potential. Nonylphenol - Moderate bioaccumulation potential.  
 Mobility: No data available.  
 PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.  
 Other adverse effects: Aquatic toxicity: No data is available on the product itself.

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Recovery operations: Waste from residues/unused: Contact supplier if guidance is required.  
 Disposal of packaging: Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.  
 NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

UN Number: UN 2735  
 UN proper shipping name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S., (BENZENE-1,3-DIMETHANEAMINE (MXDA),TRIMETHYLHEXANE-1,5-DIAMINE)  
 Transport hazard class: 8  
 Packing group: II  
 Environmental hazard: Yes  
 Marine pollutant: Yes  
 Tunnel code: E

**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

No information available.

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

## Phrases used

in s.2 and s.3: EUH071: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.  
 H302: Harmful if swallowed.  
 H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
 H315: Causes skin irritation.  
 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 H318: Causes serious eye damage.  
 H332: Harmful if inhaled.  
 H361f: Suspected of damaging fertility.  
 H361fd: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.  
 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

All the foregoing information should be regarded as being applicable to the uncured mixed product as well as to the individual components.

This material may form part of a multi component pack, and is supplied in the correct proportions for that pack. Please check all of the product labels to ensure that the correct components and pack sizes are being used. Select and use appropriate pack sizes to minimise waste and operator exposure, do not split packs. Use in batch order.

The Safety Data above is applicable to the product only as used according to the purposes and methods described on the relevant Technical Data Sheet, available from Polycote UK on request.

The information above is based on our present knowledge and is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and should only be used as a guide. No warranty is implied with respect to the specification of the product. It is intended to describe the product solely in terms of its safety requirements and relates only to the specific material designed and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. This data does not constitute the users own assessment of workplace risk as required by other Health and Safety legislation, nor is it a sales specification or indication of suitability for any particular use. The user must satisfy himself as to the suitability of the product for his purpose. No legally valid contractual relationship is established by the above data, and Polycote UK shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

**Date of Issue: June 2017**